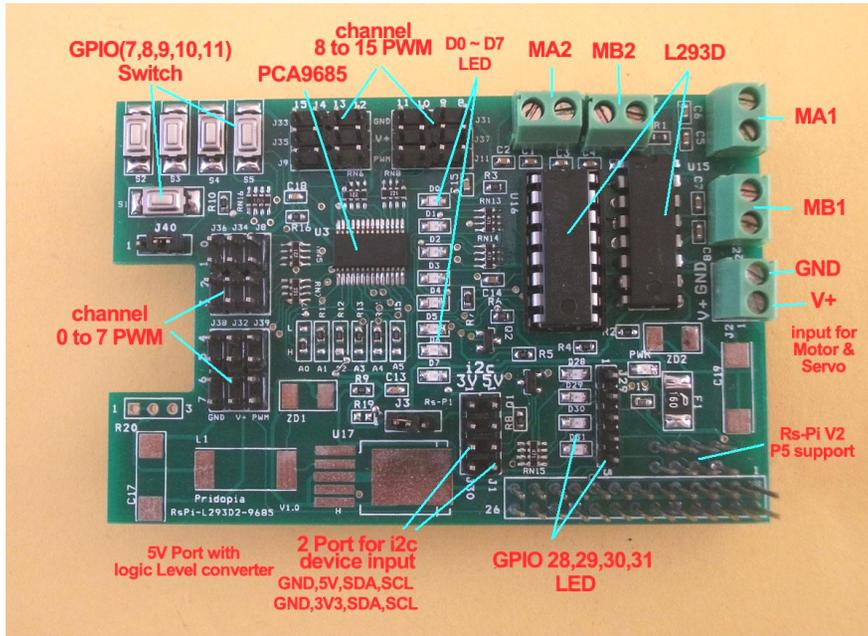
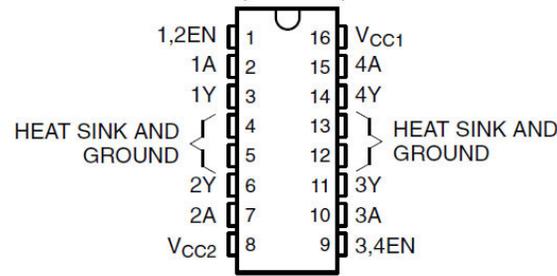
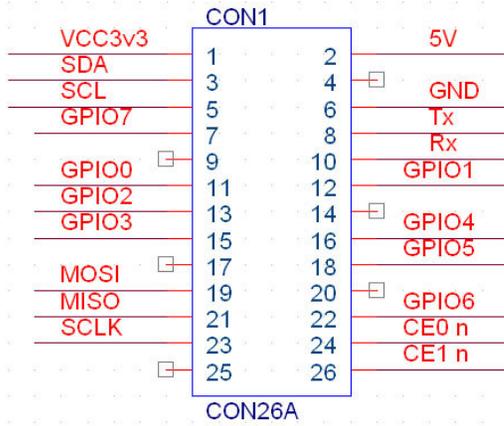


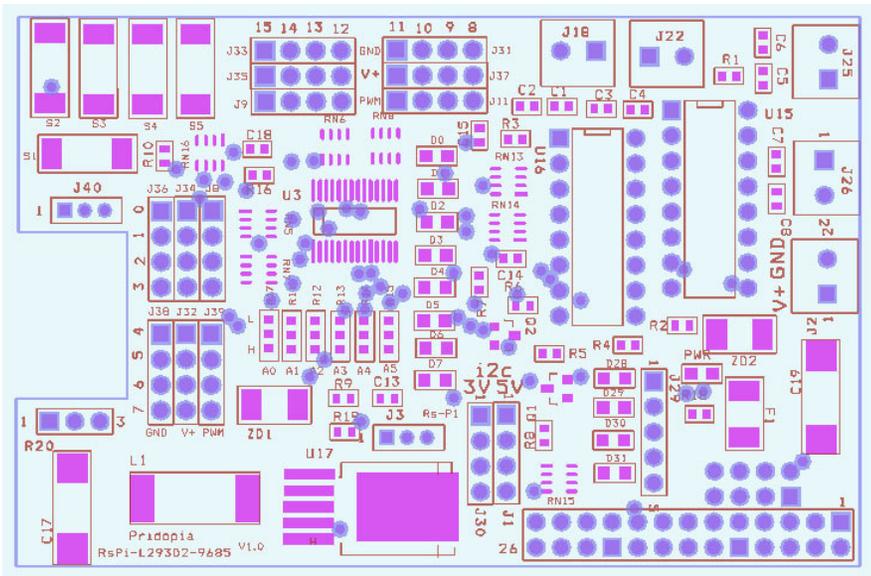
RsPi-9685-16PWM & L293D-2 4 Motor Board User Manual



Rs-Pi P1Connector



Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 7	Function
High	Low	High	Turn clockwise
High	High	Low	Turn anti-clockwise
High	Low	Low	Stop
High	High	High	Stop
Low	Not applicable	Not applicable	Stop



1. This board use RS-Pi GPIO 17,18,27,22,23,24,25,4
- 2.GPIO 17,18,27,22 for MA1, MB1
- 3.GPIO 23,24,25,4 for MA2, MB2
4. GPIO 28 ~31 (need V2 - P5 connector) for ultrasonic sensor connector (2GPIO , one for Trig, one for Echo) or other devices
 - 2 extra 12c input for sensors (5V or 3v3) (5V port with Level converter)
5. U15,U16, L293D
6. J17 RS-Pi-V2 GPIO28,GPIO29,GPIO30,GPIO31 from V2 GPIO
- 7.switch S1 TO S5 (use GPIO 7,8,9,10,11 signal) (SPI signal)
 - J40 1-2 switch pull-high 10K ohm off
 - J40 2-3 switch pull-high 10k ohm
8. J2 2PIN BLOCK TERMINAL for DC 5V INPUT (Motor & Servo Motor)
9. J29 Rs-Pi V2 GPIO (28,29,30,31,GND) output
10. R11,R12,R13,R14,R15,R17 (for U3 Address select A0,A1,A2,A3,A4,A5)
11. U3 PCA9685 (PWM Port 0 ~ 15)
12. R10,R11,R12,R13,R14,R15(for U3 Address select A0,A1,A2,A3,A4,A5)
13. 1.6A PolySwitch Fuse for V+ input protected.

Download GPIO library

<https://pypi.python.org/pypi/RPi.GPIO> GPIO library

GPIO library - RPi.GPIO-0.5.3a.tar.gz

Install python , library and run the test program

```
# sudo apt-get install python-dev
# wget http://www.pridopia.co.uk/pi-pgm/RPi.GPIO-0.5.3a.tar.gz
# gunzip RPi.GPIO-0.5.3a.tar.gz
# tar -xvf RPi.GPIO-0.5.3a.tar
# cd RPi.GPIO-0.5.3a
# sudo python setup.py install
```

```
# sudo python 6motor.py
```

The PCA9685 is an I2C-bus controlled 16-channel LED controller optimized for LCD Red/Green/Blue/Amber (RGBA) color backlighting applications. Each LED output has its own 12-bit resolution (4096 steps) fixed frequency individual PWM controller that operates at a programmable frequency from a typical of 40 Hz to 1000 Hz with a duty

cycle that is adjustable from 0 % to 100 % to allow the LED to be set to a specific brightness value.

All outputs are set to the same PWM frequency.

PCA9685 also has a built-in oscillator for the PWM control.

However, the frequency used for PWM control in the PCA9685 is adjustable from about 40 Hz to 1000 Hz as compared to the typical 97.6 kHz frequency of the PCA9635. This allows the use of PCA9685 with external power supply controllers. All bits are set at the same frequency.

**** for DC Motor & Servo Motor DC Power, you need DC5V plug in to J2 2P Terminal block**

J3 pin 1-2 PSU output to DC Motor & Servo Motor

J3 pin 2-3 (Rs-Pi) PSU power extra output to P1 pin2

(if your DC Motor & Servo Motor use the voltage 5V, then you can choose pin 2-3, but not recommend , only for test purpose)

Test Program can be download from our web site

<http://www.pridopia.co.uk/pi-9685-l293d-pw.html>

2motor.py 4motor.py servo-41.py

1.Make sure you I2C driver are enable

To enable it all you need to do is comment out a line by putting # in front `sudo nano /etc/modprobe.d/raspi-blacklist.conf`

```
COM37 - PuTTY
# blacklist spi and i2c by default (many users don't need them)
#blacklist spi-bcm2708
#blacklist i2c-bcm2708
```

2. Add i2c-dev in /etc/modules by use
 sudo nano /etc/modules

```
COM37 - PuTTY
# /etc/modules: kernel modules to load at boot time.
#
# This file contains the names of kernel modules that should be load
ed
# at boot time, one per line. Lines beginning with "#" are ignored.
# Parameters can be specified after the module name.

snd-bcm2835
spi-bcm2708
i2c-bcm2708
i2c-dev
rtc-1307
tmp102

[ Read 12 lines ]
^G Get Help  ^O WriteOut  ^R Read File  ^Y Prev Page  ^K Cut Text   ^C
^X Exit      ^J Justify    ^W Where Is   ^V Next Page  ^U UnCut Text ^T
To Spell
```

If you already install I2c driver , then
 i2cdetect -y 0 i2cdetect -y 1
 if Rs-Pi-v2 you need change 0 to 1

```
192.168.0.19 - PuTTY
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/pwm-v2# i2cdetect -y 1
   0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  a  b  c  d  e  f
00:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
10:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
20:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
30:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
40:  --  41  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
50:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
60:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
70:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/pwm-v2#
```

in i2cdetect you can found 1 device in system 41
 41 - 9685

Next install the python-smbus python module:

```
sudo apt-get install python-smbus
sudo apt-get install i2c-tools
```

Now you are ready to use the i2c with python.

9685 test code information

<http://learn.adafruit.com/adafruit-16-channel-servo-driver-with-raspberry-pi/using-the-adafruit-library>

Pi_Scratch interface software download from our web site

<http://www.pridopia.co.uk/rs-pi-set-scratch.html>

(1) Motor On Off + Speed control

A - GPIO 17,18 Motor A B - GPIO 27,22 Motor B

C - GPIO 23,24 Motor C D - GPIO 25,4 Motor D

command "Motor Name" + "DM" + "speed"

speed (10 ~100) clockwise

speed (-10 ~ -100) anticlockwise

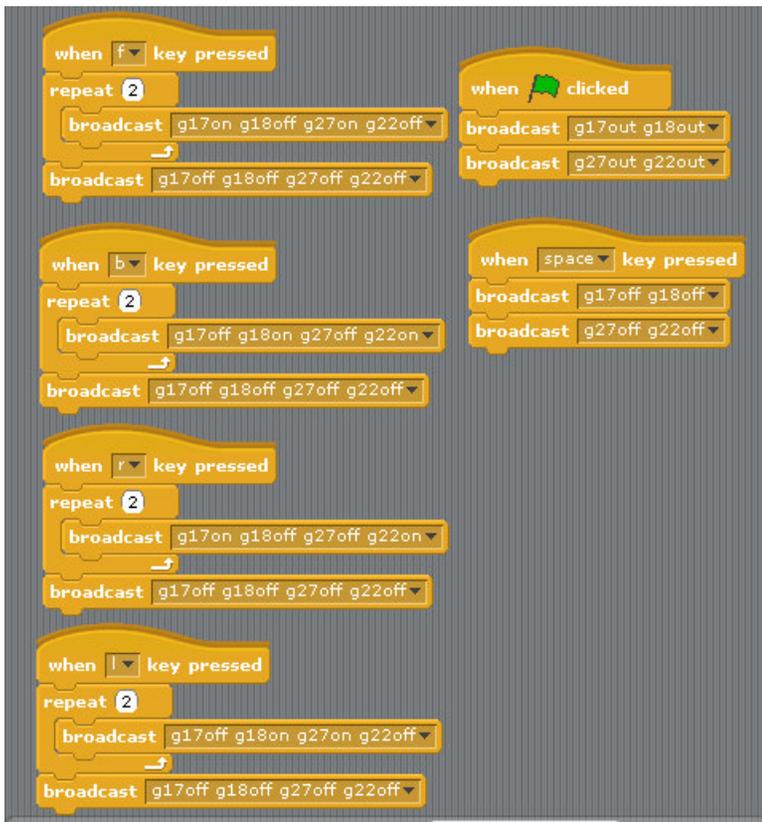
ADM100	DC Motor A	full speed 100	ADM50	DC Motor A	speed 50
BDM100	DC Motor B	full speed 100	BDM50	DC Motor B	speed 50
ADM-100	DC Motor A	anticlockwise full speed 100			
BDM-100	DC Motor B	anticlockwise full speed 100			
ADM0	DC Motor A	stop	BDM0	DC Motor B	stop

```
repeat 2
  broadcast join ADM 100
  broadcast join BDM 100
  wait 2 secs
  broadcast join ADM 50
  broadcast join BDM 50
  wait 2 secs
  broadcast join ADM -50
  broadcast join BDM -50
  wait 2 secs
  broadcast join ADM -100
  broadcast join BDM -100
  →
  broadcast join ADM 0
  broadcast join BDM 0
```

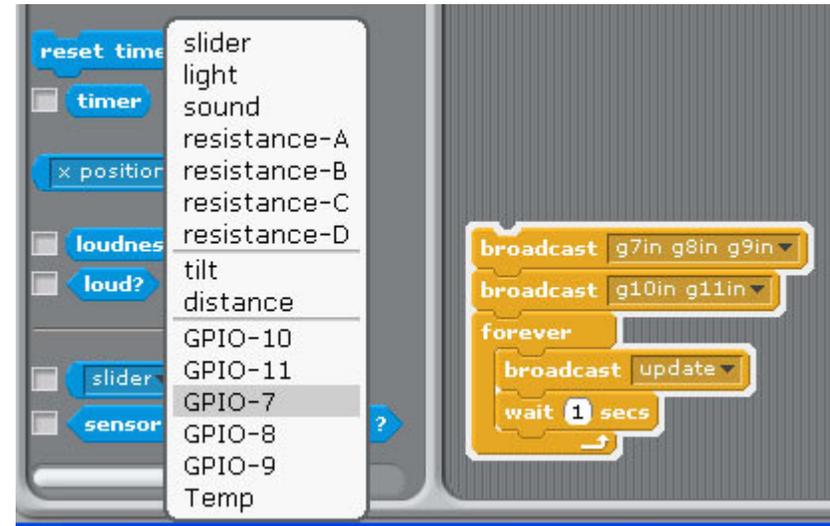
(2) BASIC GPIO Motor on off control

define GPIO 17,18,27,22, as output

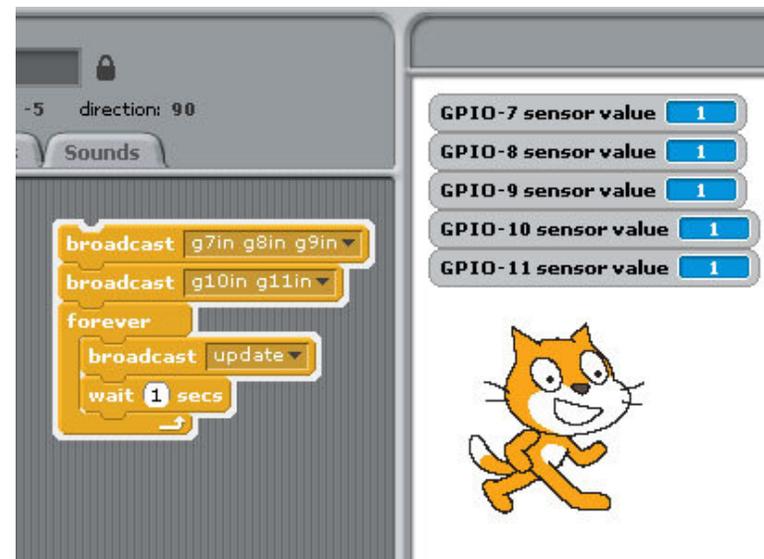
- 1.press keyboard " f " GPIO 17,27 LED "ON" & 18,22 LED "OFF" car move forward
- 2.press keyboard " b " GPIO 18,22 LED "ON" & 17,27 LED "OFF" car move backward
- 3.press keyboard " l " GPIO 18,27 LED "ON" & 17,22 LED "OFF" car tum right
- 4.press keyboard " r " GPIO 17,22 LED "ON" & 18,27 LED "OFF" car tum left
- 5.press keyboard " space " GPIO 17,27 LED "OFF" & 18,22 LED "OFF" car STOP



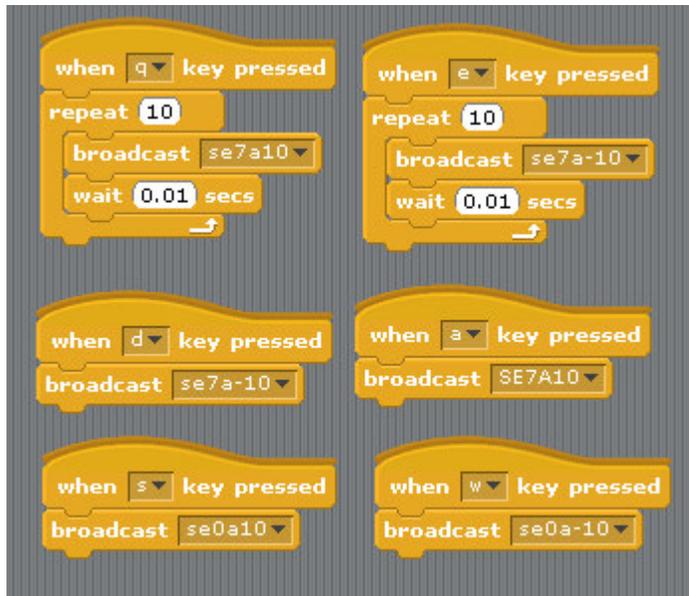
(3) 5 GPIO Switch GPIO 7,8,9,10,11 demo



- 1.Setting GPIO 7,8,9,10,11 as input
2. broadcast "Update"
3. in Sensing --> Slider , you will see the GPIO-7 ,8, 9, 10, 11 in the list



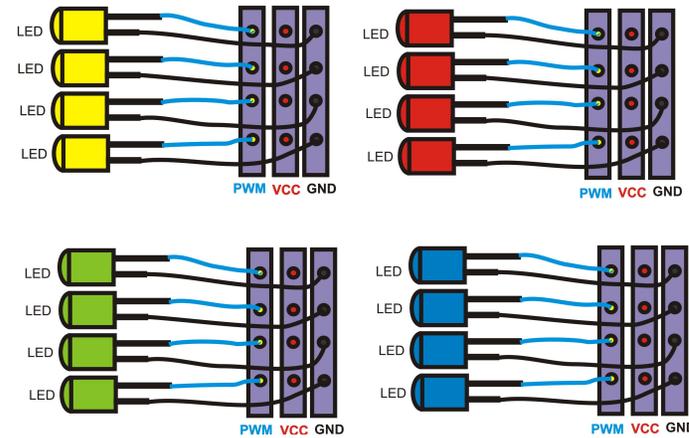
(4) PWM / Servo control demo



Command "SE"+ "PWM (0-15)" + "a" +"angle" for Address 41

se7a10 -> channel 7 servo move 10 angle address 41
 se7a-10 -> channel 7 servo move -10 angle address 41
 se0a10 -> channel 0 servo move 10 angle address 41
 se0a-10 -> channel 0 servo move -10 angle address 41

(5) PWM LED control 16 channel LED control



LED Scrolling Command PWMLED41S0E15D4True

PWMLED"Address" S[Start channel] E[End channel] D[Delay / Timing] [True/False]

Address 41, 42,43,44

Start channel & End channel 0 ~ 15 16 channel

D 1,2,3,4,5 (1 ~ 100) Delay Timing

LED Brightness control Command

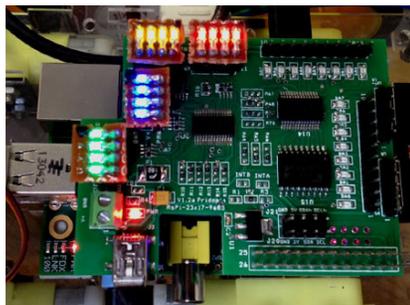
PWMLED "Address" "B" "0 ~ 1000"

PWMLED41B1000

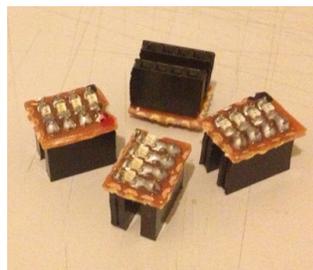
Stop command

"PWMLED41STOP"

```
broadcast join PWMLED41 join S0 join E15 join D10 True
broadcast join PWMLED41 join S0 join E7 join D1 True
broadcast join PWMLED41 join S8 join E15 join D1 True
broadcast join PWMLED41 B1000
broadcast join PWMLED41 B100
broadcast join PWMLED41 STOP
```



16 channel PWM board



LED module (Blue, Green, Yellow, Red)